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## JAPAN.

*Report from Yokohama.*

YOKOHAMA, JAPAN, October 26, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to notify you that since the report from this office dated October 19 no case of plague, undoubted cholera, or epidemic occurrence of smallpox has been met with in Japan proper.

Respectfully,

K. ROKKAKU,

*Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.,*

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

*U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.*

## MEXICO.

*Report from Progreso—Yellow fever still in Valladolid and Merida.*

PROGRESO, MEXICO, November 2, 1901.

SIR: During the week ended November 2 there were 8 deaths in this port from all causes, 4 being from malarial fevers and 3 from possible malarial infection, the eighth being stillborn, no case of contagious disease having been reported.

The mortality here for the past six months shows that about 50 per cent is due to malarial infection. Accepting the fact that the mosquito is the transmitter of the disease, it is readily seen that by proper sanitary work the mortality can be reduced to a minimum. Should the sanitary authorities direct their attention to the elimination of the mosquitoes the mortality from malarial fevers would not only be reduced, but the possibility of a yellow fever epidemic would be eradicated.

At present there are no sanitary measures enforced in the port.

Yellow fever is epidemic in Valladolid and a few cases are reported in Merida. Smallpox exists in many of the villages of the State in epidemic form.

Respectfully,

S. H. HODGSON,

*Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.*

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

*U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.**Report from Vera Cruz.*

VERA CRUZ, MEXICO, November 17, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to report the following transactions at this port for the week ended November 16, 1901: Vessels cleared for United States ports, 6; crew inspected, 583; passengers inspected, 169; vaccine certificates, 69; immune certificates, 1. Total, 828.

The Mexican board of health commenced November 14 to disinfect all baggage from Vera Cruz; baggage from Mexico City goes on board passed. The passenger taken off the steamship *Segurañca* November 9, 1901, the moment this vessel sailed for New York and Havana, and that I reported as a case of yellow fever, is yet under treatment. He is a Frenchman. One case of malaria on steamship *Ollargan* while in port.

Respectfully,

FELIX GIRALT,

*Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.,**In Temporary Charge.*

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

*U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.*

[Inclosure.]

*Mortality report for the week ended November 16, 1901.*

Yellow fever .....	7	Dysentery .....	3
Tuberculosis.....	8	Deaths from other causes..	28
Remittent fever.....	2		
Pernicious malaria .....	2	Total .....	52
Gastro-enteritis.....	2		

## NORWAY.

[Translation.]

*Quarantine information—Proclamation from the royal Norwegian Governments—Department of justice and police.*

CHRISTIANIA, NORWAY, November 7, 1901.

A royal proclamation was made to-day, as follows:

It is hereby ordered, that in compliance with paragraph 2 in law of July 12, 1848, relating to quarantine, that the cities of Liverpool and Glasgow shall, until further notice is given, be considered infected with oriental plague, and the quarantine regulations laid down in said law, and in circular of October 13, 1900, as regard plague, etc., are to take effect at once.

At the same time it is hereby proclaimed that the city of Naples, which by proclamation of September 30, 1901, was proclaimed infected with the oriental plague, shall not be considered so infected any longer, with which all concerned have to comply, which is hereby brought to public notice, while it must be remembered that according to prior proclamations of February 1, 1897; June 27, and August 22, 1899; May 23, July 17, 1900; January 17, February 28, August 12, and September 30, 1901, the city of Constantinople in Turkey, the city of Smyrna in Asia, and places located along the bay of the same name, Arabia, Persia, India, China, Manila, Formosa, the ports in Egypt, Cape Town and Port Elizabeth in South Africa, the Réunion Islands and Mauritius, also the city of Rio de Janeiro in Brazil, shall until further notice be considered infected with the oriental plague.

A number of copies of this proclamation are inclosed.

A. QUAM.

GEORG JOHANNESSEN.

## PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

*Report from Manila.*

MANILA, P. I., October 12, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to report that 1 case of plague (Chinese), with fatal result, occurred in Manila, P. I., during the week ended October 5, 1901.

The city still remains free from smallpox.

Respectfully,

J. C. PERRY,

*Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.,  
Chief Quarantine Officer for the Philippine Islands.*

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.